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WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE EIGHTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE REGULAR SESSION, 2013

ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 461

(Senators Cookman, Beach, Fitzsimmons, D. Hall, Jenkins, Laird, Williams, Unger, Kessler (Mr. President), Stollings, Chafin, Miller, Snyder, Plymale and Palumbo, *Original sponsors*)

[PASSED APRIL 13, 2013; IN EFFECT NINETY DAYS FROM PASSAGE.]

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COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE SEC. ETARY OF STATE

FOR

Senate Bill No. 461

(SENATORS COOKMAN, BEACH, FITZSIMMONS, D. HALL, JENKINS, LAIRD, WILLIAMS, UNGER, KESSLER (MR. PRESIDENT), STOLLINGS, CHAFIN, MILLER, SNYDER, PLYMALE AND PALUMBO, original sponsors)

[Passed April 13, 2013; in effect ninety days from passage.]

AN ACT to amend and rcenact §62-6B-2, §62-6B-3 and §62-6B-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, all relating to child witnesses; allowing for the consideration of testimony by video; increasing the age for which the court may consider allowing for the testimony of a child witness by closed-circuit television for children under the age of sixteen; qualifications of experts which may be appointed to assist the court when reviewing associated motions; and adding to the factors to be considered by the court with regard to associated motions.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §62-6B-2, §62-6B-3 and §62-6B-4 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted, all to read as follows:

ARTICLE 6B. PROTECTION AND PRESERVATION OF STATEMENTS AND TESTIMONY OF CHILD WITNESS.

§62-6B-2. Definitions.

For the purposes of this article, the words or terms
 defined in this section, and any variation of those words or
 terms required by the context, have the meanings ascribed to
 them in this section. These definitions are applicable unless
 a different meaning clearly appears from the context.

6 (1) "Child witness" means a person under the age of 7 sixteen years of age who is or will be called to testify in a 8 criminal matter concerning an alleged violation of the 9 provisions of sections three, four, five and seven, article 10 eight-b, chapter sixty-one of this code in which the child is 11 the alleged victim.

- (2) "Live, closed-circuit television" means a simultaneous
 transmission, by closed-circuit television or other electronic
 means, between the courtroom and the testimonial room.
- 15 (3) "Operator" means the individual authorized by the
 16 court to operate the closed-circuit television equipment used
 17 in accordance with the provisions of this article.

18 (4) "Testimonial room" means a room within the
19 courthouse other than the courtroom from which the
20 testimony of a child witness or the defendant is transmitted to
21 the courtroom by means of live, closed-circuit television.

§62-6B-3. Findings of fact required for taking testimony of child witness by closed-circuit television; considerations for court.

(a) Upon a written motion filed by the prosecuting
 attorney, the child's attorney or the child's guardian ad litem,
 and upon findings of fact determined pursuant to subsection
 (b) of this section, a circuit court may order that the testimony
 of a child witness may be taken at a pretrial proceeding or at
 trial through the use of live, closed-circuit television.

7 (b) Prior to ordering that the testimony of a child witness
8 may be taken through the use of live, closed-circuit
9 television, the circuit court must find by clear and convincing
10 evidence, after conducting an evidentiary hearing on this
11 issue, that:

12 (1) The child is an otherwise competent witness;

13 (2) That, absent the use of live, closed-circuit television
14 the child witness will be unable to testify due solely to being
15 required to be in the physical presence of the defendant while
16 testifying;

17 (3) The child witness can only testify if live, two-way18 closed-circuit television is used in the trial; and

19 (4) That the state's ability to proceed against the
20 defendant without the child witness' live testimony would be
21 substantially impaired or precluded.

(c) The court shall consider the following factors in
determining the necessity of allowing a child witness to
testify by the use of live, closed-circuit television:

25 (1) The age and maturity of the child witness;

26 (2) The facts and circumstances of the alleged offense;

27 (3) The necessity of the child's live testimony to the
28 prosecution's ability to proceed as well as any prejudice to
29 the defendant by allowing testimony through closed-circuit
30 television;

31 (4) Whether or not the facts of the case involve the
32 alleged infliction of bodily injury to the child witness or the
33 threat of bodily injury to the child or another; and

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34 (5) Any mental or physical handicap of the child witness.

35 (d) In determining whether to allow a child witness to 36 testify through live, closed-circuit television the court shall 37 appoint a psychiatrist or a licensed psychologist with at least 38 five years clinical experience who shall serve as an advisor or 39 friend of the court to provide the court with an expert opinion 40 as to whether, to a reasonable degree of professional 41 certainty, the child witness will suffer severe emotional harm. 42 be unable to testify based solely on being in the physical 43 presence of the defendant while testifying and that the child 44 witness docs not evidence signs of being subjected to undue 45 influence or coercion. The opinion of the psychiatrist or 46 licensed psychologist shall be filed with the circuit court at 47 least thirty days prior to the final hearing on the use of live. 48 closed-circuit television and the defendant shall be allowed 49 to review the opinion and present evidence on the issue by 50 the use of an expert or experts or otherwise.

§62-6B-4. Procedures required for taking testimony of child witness by closed-circuit television; election of defendant; jury instruction; sanction for failure to follow procedures; additional accommodation options; recordings and confidentiality.

(a) If the court determines that the use of live, two-way
 closed-circuit testimony is necessary and orders its use the
 defendant may, at any time prior to the child witness being
 called, elect to absent himself from the courtroom during the
 child witness' testimony. If the defendant so elects the child
 shall be required to testify in the courtroom.

7 (b)(1) If live, closed-circuit television is used in the 8 testimony of the child witness, he or she shall be taken into 9 the testimonial room and be televised live, by closed-circuit 10 equipment to the view of the defendant, counsel, the court 11 and, if applicable, the jury. The projected image of the

12 defendant shall be visible for child witness to view if he or 13 she chooses to do so and the view of the child witness 14 available to those persons in the courtroom shall include a 15 full body view. Only the prosecuting attorney, the attorney 16 for the defendant, and the operator of the equipment may be 17 present in the room with the child witness during testimony. 18 Only the court, the prosecuting attorney and the attorney for 19 the defendant may question the child. In pro sc proceedings, 20 the court may modify the provisions of this subdivision 21 relating to the role of the attorney for the defendant to allow 22 the pro se defendant to question the child witness in such a 23 manner as to cause as little psychological trauma as possible 24 under the circumstances. The court shall permit the 25 defendant to observe and hear the testimony of the child 26 witness contemporaneous with the taking of the testimony. 27 The court shall provide electronic means for the defendant 28 and the attorney for the defendant to confer confidentially 29 during the taking of the testimony.

30 (2) If the defendant elects to not be physically present in 31 the courtroom during the testimony of the child witness, the 32 defendant shall be taken into the testimonial room and be 33 televised live, by two-way closed-circuit equipment to the 34 view of the finder of fact and others present in the courtroom. 35 The defendant shall be taken to the testimonial room prior to 36 the appearance of the child witness in the courtroom. There 37 shall be made and maintained a recording of the images and 38 sounds of all proceedings which were televised pursuant to 39 this article. While the defendant is in the testimonial room. 40 the defendant shall be permitted to view the live, televised 41 image of the child witness and the image of those other 42 persons in the courtroom whom the court determines the 43 defendant is entitled to view. Only the court, the prosecuting 44 attorney and the attorney for the defendant may question the 45 child. In pro sc proceedings, the court may modify the 46 provisions of this subdivision relating to the role of the 47 attorney for the defendant to allow the pro se defendant to

Enr. Com. Sub. for S. B. No. 461]

48 question the child witness in such a manner as to cause as 49 little emotional distress as possible under the circumstances. 50 The transmission from the courtroom to the testimonial room 51 shall be sufficient to permit the defendant to observe and hear 52 the testimony of the child witness contemporaneous with the 53 taking of the testimony. No proceedings other than the taking 54 of the testimony of the child witness shall occur while the 55 defendant is outside the courtroom. In the event that the 56 defendant elects that the attorney for the defendant remain in 57 the courtroom while the defendant is in the testimonial room, 58 the court shall provide electronic means for the defendant and 59 the attorney for the defendant to confer confidentially during 60 the taking of the testimony.

61 (c) In every case where the provisions of the article are 62 used, the jury, at a minimum, shall be instructed, unless such 63 instruction is waived by the defendant, that the use of live, 64 closed-circuit television is being used solely for the child's 65 convenience, that the use of the medium cannot as a matter of 66 law and fact be considered as anything other than being for 67 the convenience of the child witness and that to infer 68 anything clsc would constitute a violation of the oath taken 69 by the jurors.

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The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

Member H Senate Committee Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

In effect ninety days from passage.

Clerk of the Senate

un h. S.f Clerk of the House of Delegates the Senate Speaker of the House of Delegates .. this the 29th The within is a graned Day of 2013. Tomal

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PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR

APR 2 6 2013

Time 10:30 am

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